

Administration

ACS/DSHS MEDICAL ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION

NSAID/COX II INHIBITORS REQUEST

PHARMACY NABP NUMBER			PHARMACY TELEPHO	PHARMA	CY FAX NUM	IBER				
			1							
PRESCRIBER NAME			PRESCRIBER TELEPH	PRESCRIBER FAX NUMBER						
DDECCD	IDED DEA NIII	MDED	DATIEN	IT	DIC NUMBE	<u> </u>				
PRESCR	IBER DEA NU	WBER	PATIEN	11	PIC NUMBE	=K				
DRUG N	AME/SIG									
1. \	What is the diagnosis?									
2. \	What is expected duration of therapy?									
3. I	If Celebrex:								Yes	No
9	Sulfa allerov	?								
	•									
	Does this patient have a history of GI bleeding/ulcer?									
	If yes: a) Is GI status stable/ulcer healed?									
	b) Is patient H. Pylori negative or has patient been treated for H. Pylori?									
	c) Is patient on a Proton Pump Inhibitor (PPI)?									
(
	If yes, list	t name and do	sage/s	ig:						
5. I	Does this pa	itient have a hi	istory c	of cardiovascular dis	sease?					
6. \	What two generic NSAIDs have already been tried?									
	Reason(s) failed:									
		Osteoarthr	ritie	Rheumatoid	Acute Pain	D		0-1-		Dalessa -
		Osteoartiii	1115	Arthritis	Acute Pain	Dysm	enorrhea	Colo	rectal	Polyps
Celebrex (celecoxib)		200 mg/day r	max	400 mg/day max	600 mg day 1,	600 mg		1 008	mg/day	/ max
					then 400 mg/day		00 mg/day			
					max for 30 days max	max for	r up to 7			
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WASHINGTON STATE MEDICAID has implemented a program to decrease hospitalizations from GI bleeds associated with NSAID and COX-2 Inhibitor use. Medicaid has placed the entire therapeutic class of NSAIDs and COX-2 Inhibitors on Expedited Prior Authorization. In addition, a patient must try and fail at least 2 generic NSAIDS before a COX-2 Inhibitor or a brand name NSAID will be authorized.